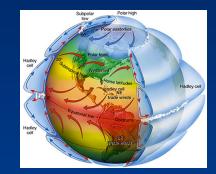
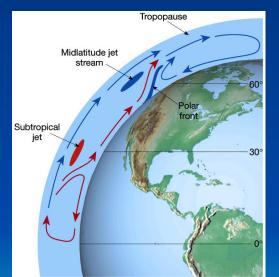
#### CLIM-111/PHYS-111 : Tentative Syllabus Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science



Lectures - Tuesday & Thursday, 1:30-2:45pm Laboratory - Friday: 10:30am-1:15pm Spring Semester, 2010 Lectures: Research I, Room 201 Profs. Zafer Boybeyi and Michael E. Summers







photogenic tornado roping out near Springer, Oklahoma, May 6 2001





### CLIM-111/PHYS-111 Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science CLIM-112/PHYS-112 Lab

An overview of the Earth's atmosphere, its history, and the fundamental physical and chemical processes which determine its characteristics. The focus is on key concepts from thermodynamics, radiation, chemistry, and dynamics that are essential for understanding the state, variability, and long term evolution of the atmosphere, especially in the context of comparisons with other planetary atmospheres.



### Instructors and Contact information



Prof. Michael E. Summers Science and Tech I, Room 301C Mail Stop 3F3 Email: <u>msummers@physics.gmu.edu</u> Phone: (703) 993-3971 FAX: (703) 993-1980



Prof. Zafer Boybeyi Research I, Room 217 Mail Stop 6C3 **Email: <u>zboybeyi@gmu.edu</u>** Phone: (703) 993-1560 FAX: (703) 993-9229

Course Website: http://camp.cos.gmu.edu/CLIM-111.html

### **CLIM-111/PHYS-111 Course Goals:**

The overarching goal of this course is to provide the student with a "bigpicture" view of the field of atmospheric science as it relates to understanding the Earth's atmosphere, its complex history, its expected future evolution, and human influences.

This course is designed to ensure that students develop the essential skills of analytical and quantitative reasoning, information gathering, and communication related to issues in natural sciences.



# CLIM-111/PHYS-111 Course Goals:

#### This general goal will be achieved by

- (a) a focus on the planetary context of the Earth's atmosphere, i.e., what we have learned by the study of other planetary atmospheres,
- (b) an emphasis on quantitative physical principles that control the atmosphere, and
- (c) a heavy reliance on computer simulations for visualizing the complex interactions that occur in the atmosphere.



### CLIM-111/PHYS-111

# Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science Specific Course Goals:

- an overview of the important physical and chemical processes which control the state, variability, and evolution of the Earth's atmosphere in the context of what we have learned from exploration of other planetary atmospheres,
- (2) an understanding of the key scientific discoveries and remaining unanswered questions in atmospheric science,
- (3) an overview of the primary scientific principles and analytical tools used in atmospheric science studies, including both remote sensing and *in-situ* techniques, with special emphasis on model simulations to visualize the complex feedbacks involved in atmospheric processes, and
- (4) an understanding of the application of the scientific method to analyze and interpret observations of components of the atmospheric system.

### CLIM-111/PHYS-111

This combined lecture and lab course is designed with a dual-purpose:

The first purpose is to provide a stand-alone course for students needing an introduction to scientific methods and critical reasoning as it relates to the environment. As such it will provide the necessary background information for understanding the many emerging societal problems that are consequences of human influences on the atmosphere.

The second purpose is to provide an introductory course for those students that are beginning their degrees in atmospheric science or related scientific fields. For those students this course will provide a solid foundation for future more specialized courses in atmospheric science.

The course is designed as the first course in the atmospheric science concentration (under development), but would be useful for any student wanting a one-semester overview of atmospheric science.

#### CLIM-112/PHYS-112 - Lab

Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science

The laboratory section is designed to enhance learning by applying the information acquired in the lecture portion of the course with practical applications covered in the student's lab books.

The student will engage in activities that are designed to expand and enrich the learning process through the use of state-of-the-art computer simulations that illustrate the complex phenomena that occur in the atmospheres of the Earth and other planets.

# Learning Outcomes

**Course Outcomes:** By the end of the semester this course student will have developed a basic understanding of the following:

- > Characterization of temperature and it variation in the atmosphere.
- Solar influences and heating which drive atmospheric thermodynamics and motions
- Earth's energy budget.
- > Atmospheric moisture and the role of water in stability considerations.
- Cloud formation, precipitation and the range of cloud occurrences on other planets
- > Atmospheric motions and the general circulation.
- > The ability to read and interpret earth maps
- > The climate system, variability, and climate controls.
- > The properties and processes that control planetary habitability
- > The atmospheric issues related to global change

#### CLIM-111/PHYS-111

#### Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science

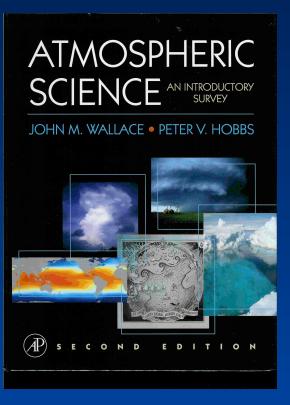
#### FORMAT:

**Lecture Section (3 credits)**: There will be approximately one lecture topic covered per week. These lectures will include class discussion of topical issues.

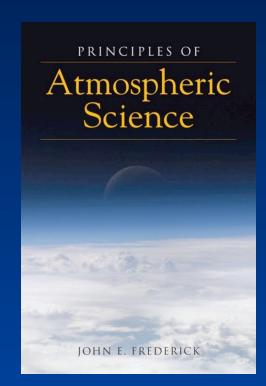
Selections from the Textbook of Wallace and Hobbs, and its order of presentation, will provide the basic framework of the course and most of the qualitative discussions, while the John Frederick text will provide supplemental quantitative material.

Laboratory Section (1 credit): The Laboratory Section will provide insight into atmospheric processes via web-based simulations that can be manipulated by the student. The Laboratory simulations are chosen to parallel the lecture topics and discussions.

There are no stupid questions!!



 Atmospheric Science: An Introductory Survey (Required)
 John M. Wallace & Peter V. Hobbs, (WH)
 Academic Press, Elsevier, 2006
 ISBN 13:978-0-12-732951-2



Texts:

 Principles of Atmospheric Science (Recommended)
 John E. Frederick
 Jones and Bartlett (2008)
 ISBN 0763740896

#### CLIM-111/PHYS-111

Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science

**Tentative Grading Policy:** 

\*Homework: 20%

- > Two in-semester exams: 40%
- Final exam (comprehensive): 30%
- Participation: 10%

\*Homework mainly from end-of-chapter questions.
You are responsible for all material from the texts, and any additional assigned readings.

#### CLIM-111/PHYS-111

Introduction to the Fundamentals of Atmospheric Science

# **Tentative Exam Dates:**

Two in-semester exams:

Exam 1 – Thursday, February 25

Exam 2 – Thursday, April 22

Final Exam: Thursday, May 6; 1:30-4:15 pm

### Wallace & Hobbs: Tentative Reading Schedule

Lecture numbers correspond to chapters in W&H:

- (1) Introduction to the Atmosphere (Summers)
- (2) State and Evolution of the Atmosphere (S)
- (3) Atmospheric Thermodynamics (S)
- (4) Atmospheric Radiation (S)
- (5) Atmospheric Chemistry (S)
- (6) Clouds and Precipitation (S)
- (7) Atmospheric Motions (Boybeyi)

Spring Break

- (8) Weather Systems (B)
- (9) The Planetary Boundary Layer (B)
- (10) The Earth's Climate System (B)
- (11) Human Influences on the Atmosphere (B)

(12) Atmospheric Modeling (B)

#### Frederick - Tentative Reading Schedule

**Chapter 1: Chemical Composition and Structure** Parallel reading with WH chapter 1 Chapter 2: Solar and Terrestrial Radiation: Atmospheric Energy Balance Parallel reading with WH chapters 2 and 3 Chapter 3: Atmospheric Water Parallel reading with WH chapters 3 and 6 Chapter 4: Winds – The Global Circulation and Weather Systems Parallel reading with WH chapters 7, 8, and 9 Chapter 5: Chemical Processes and Atmospheric Ozone Parallel reading with WH chapter 5 Chapter 6: The Earth's Climate Parallel reading with WH chapter 10, 11, and 12

# 1. Introduction to the Atmosphere (Summers)

What is atmospheric science?
Survey of the Earth's atmosphere: composition, vertical structure, winds, precipitation, etc;
Brief History of the Earth and its atmosphere
Why study the atmosphere?
Science and societal issues – the changing atmosphere
Survey of other planets' atmospheres, similarities and differences
How the study of other atmospheres helps us understand the Earth.

Reading: WH Ch. 1 & F Ch. 1 Laboratory Simulation: UI Hands-on Meteorology - Weather Map <u>Contour</u>



### 2. State and Evolution of the Atmosphere (Summers)

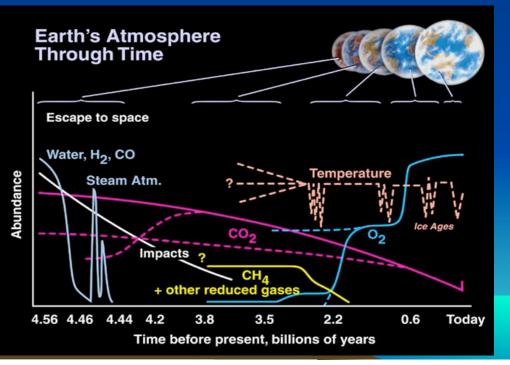
The Earth system: oceans, cryosphere, biosphere, surface The hydrological system The oxygen and carbon cycles Overview of the formation and evolution of the Earth's atmosphere

Equilibrium temperature of the Earth: influence of the atmosphere

Reading: WH Ch. 2 & F Ch. 1 Laboratory Simulation: UI Hands-on Meteorology -Evaporation



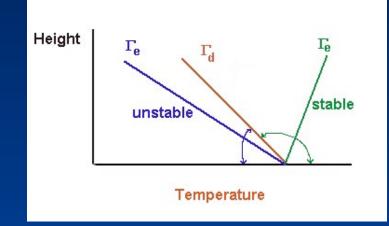


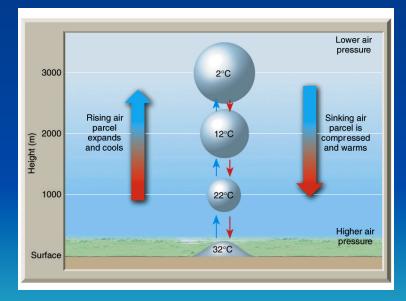


#### 3. Atmospheric Thermodynamics and Stability (Summers)

Temperature and Gas laws Hydrostatic equation First Law of thermodynamics, heat capacities, energy transport Adiabatic processes Influence of water vapor in the atmosphere Humidity, saturation vapor pressure, relative humidity, dew point; Static stability Second law of thermodynamics

Reading: WH Ch. 3 & F Chs. 1&3
Laboratory Simulation: UI Handson Meteorology - <u>Temperature</u>





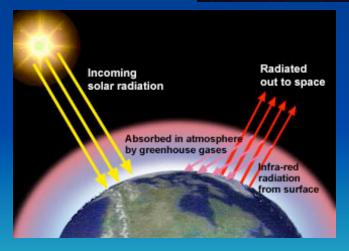
#### 4. Atmospheric Radiation; Solar & Terrestrial (Summers)

Solar and terrestrial radiation Scattering and absorption Transfer of radiation in a planetary atmosphere The greenhouse effect The greenhouse effect on other planets

Reading: WH Ch. 4 & F Ch. 2 Laboratory simulation: UI Hands-on Meteorology – Controls of Temperature





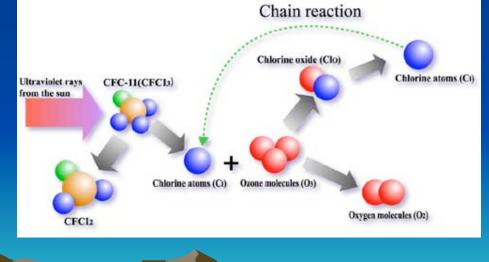


# 5. Atmospheric Chemistry (Summers)

Controls: sources, transport, and sinks Photochemistry Biological effects on composition C, N, O cycles; Aerosols Tropospheric and Stratospheric chemistry Anthropogenic effects Atmospheric chemistry on other planets



**Reading**: WH Ch. 5 & F Ch. 5 **Laboratory simulation:** UI Hands-on Meteorology TBD



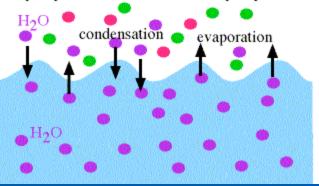
# 6. Clouds and Precipitation (Summers)

Cloud taxonomy and Microphysics Nucleation and condensation Cloud formation conditions Influence of Clouds on the state of the atmosphere Forms of precipitation Weather modification Clouds on other planets: Venus, Mars, Jupiter's storms Clouds and chemical effects

#### Reading: WH Ch. 6 & F Ch. 3 Laboratory Simulation: UI Hands-on Meteorology – <u>Mountains</u> & <u>Condensation Simulations</u>



vapor pressure = saturation vapor pressure



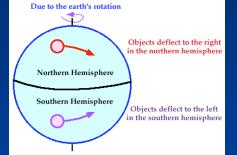


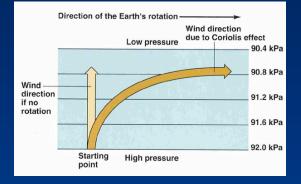
# 7. Atmospheric Motions (Boybeyi)

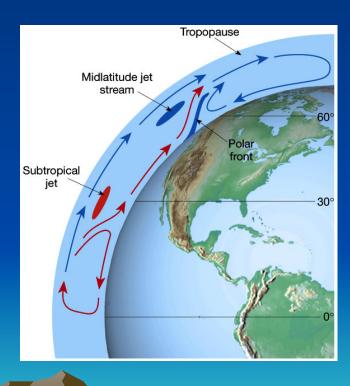
Large scale flow kinematics Horizontal flow and the gradient wind Real vs. apparent forces Geostrophic wind Friction Equations of motion

General circulation

1/18/10







Reading: WH Ch. 7 & F Ch. 4 Laboratory Simulation: UI Handson Meteorology – <u>Coriolis</u> & <u>Cyclone</u>

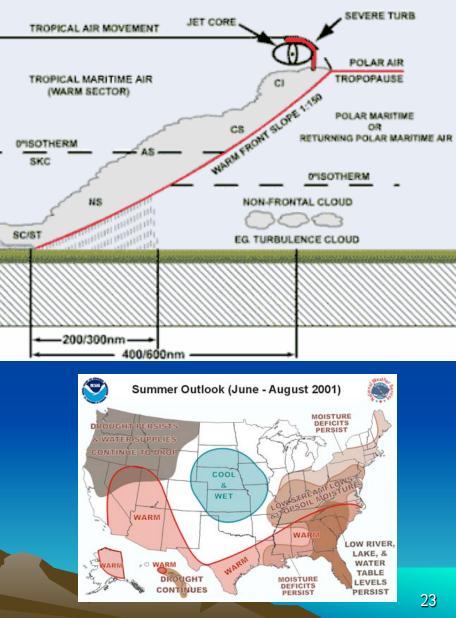
Jet Streams Westerly Winds El Niño

# 8. Weather Systems (Boybeyi)

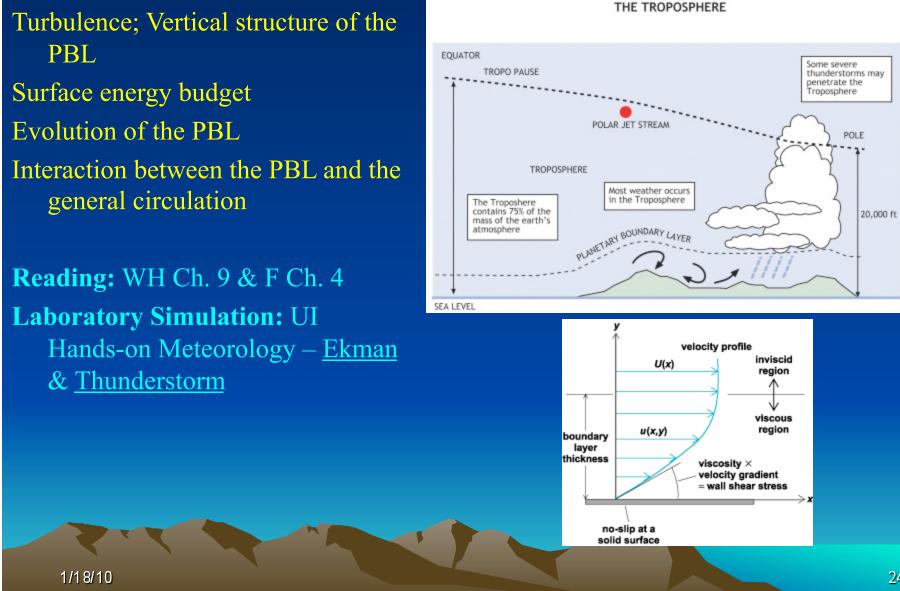
Extratropical cyclones Orographic effects Deep convection Tropical cyclones Weather patterns Weather analysis and forecasting The role of weather satellites Storms, tornados, and hurricanes

Reading: WH Ch. 8 & F Ch. 4 Laboratory Simulation: UI Hands-on Meteorology – <u>Jet</u> <u>Stream & Fronts</u> & <u>Hurricane</u> <u>Tracker</u>





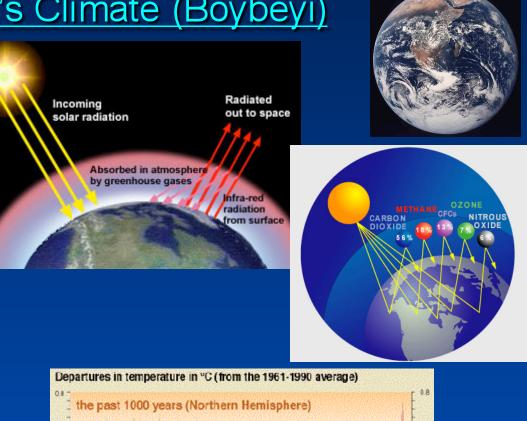
# 9. The Planetary Boundary Layer (Boybeyi)

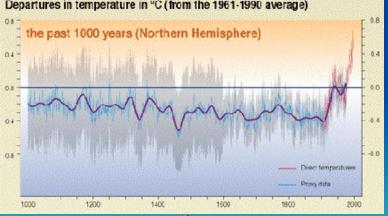


# 10. The Earth's Climate (Boybeyi)

The present-day climate The historical record; Ice ages Climate variability The role of the greenhouse effect Climate equilibria and sensitivity Climate feedbacks The carbon cycle Solar variability Volcanic and other episodic events Detection and measurements of climate change.

#### **Reading:** WH Ch. 10 & F Ch. 6 **Laboratory Simulation:** UI Handson Meteorology – <u>Growing Seasons</u>



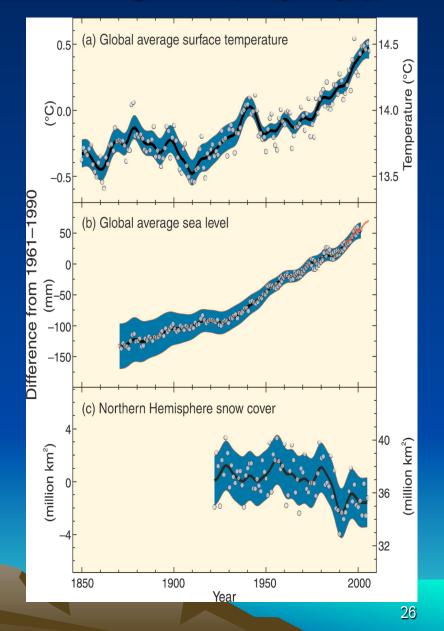


### <u>11. Human Influences on the Atmosphere (Boybeyi)</u>

Greenhouse gases: sources and sinks Buildup of greenhouse gases Projections of human-induced warming Other types of air pollution, trends, acid rain Consequences of climate change The far future: runaway greenhouse

effect – The lesson from Venus.

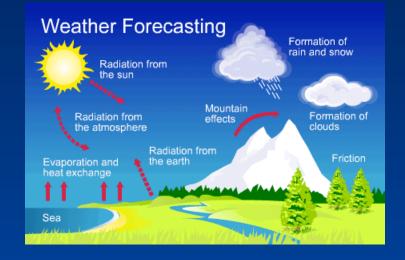
**Reading:** WH Ch. 10 & F B Ch. 6 **Laboratory Simulation:** UI Handson Meteorology – <u>Pollution</u>



# 12. Numerical Modeling (Boybeyi)

Fundamentals of atmospheric modeling Evaluation of models results Predictability of models

**Reading:** Material will be provided **Laboratory Simulation:** Results from Numerical Weather Predictions (NWP) will be presented and studied.





# Suggested Readings

**Basic and Introductory:** 

Clouds in a Glass of Beer: Simple Experiments in Atmospheric Physics, Craig F. Bohren, Dover Publications, 2001.

What Light Through Yonder Window Breaks: More Experiments in Atmospheric Physics, Craig F. Bohren, Dover Publications, 2006.

The Atmosphere: An Introduction to Meteorology, Frederick K. Lutgens, Edward J. Tarbuck, and Dennis Tasa, Prentice-Hall, 2006.

More Advanced: An Introduction to Atmospheric Physics, David G. Andrews, Cambridge University Press, 2000.

An Introduction to Dynamic Meteorology, J.R. Holton, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, International Geophysics Series, 2004.

Basic Physical Chemistry for the Atmospheric Sciences, Cambridge University Press, 2000.

# **Useful Websites:**

American Meteorological Society: <a href="http://www.ametsoc.org/">http://www.ametsoc.org/</a>

National Aeronautics and Space Administration: http://www.nasa.gov

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration: <a href="http://www.noaa.gov/">http://www.noaa.gov/</a>

The Weather Channel: <a href="http://www.weather.com/">http://www.weather.com/</a>

The NASA Astrobiology Institute: <a href="http://nai.nasa.gov/">http://nai.nasa.gov/</a>

# **GMU Honor Code**

**Honor Code** To promote a stronger sense of mutual responsibility, respect, trust, and fairness among all members of the George Mason University community and with the desire for greater academic and personal achievement, we, the student members of the University Community have set forth this **Honor Code** Student members of the George Mason University community pledge not to cheat, plagiarize, steal, or lie in matters related to academic work.

http://www.gmu.edu/departments/unilife/pages/honorcode.html

# Important Dates:

**February 2 – Enrollment Deadline.** This is the last day to add into a course. Students may not register into any section after this date. No exceptions. This is also the last day to drop a course without losing tuition money.

**February 9 – Drop Deadline.** This is the last day a student may drop a course. Students will receive a 33% tuition refund. After this date, students may withdraw from a course, but only according to strict guidelines.

# **Students with Disabilities**

If you are a student with a disability and you need academic accommodations, please see me and contact the Office of Disability Resources at 703/993-2474.

All academic accommodations must be arranged through that office.

# Office Hours – Spring, 2010

Prof. Michael E. Summers Office Hours Tuesday: 3:00-5:00pm Additional hours by appointment

**Spring 2010: Tentative Travel** 

January 20-21 February 18-19 Prof. Zafer Boybeyi Office Hours Wednesday: Additional hours by appointment

**Spring 2010: Tentative Travel** 

Homework Assignment #1:

Read Wallace & Hobbs, Chapter 1 Chapter 1 Exercises: 1.6 (a through k)

Read Handout: D. Bodanis article "It's in the air…"

# <u>Earth – The Water Planet</u>

Is there anything in this picture that in not influenced by water?

Is there anything in this picture not influenced by life?

Is there anything in this picture not influenced by the atmosphere?

